

THERMAX versus Furnace Blacks

With a particle size approximately ten times that of N330 furnace black, N990 has the smallest surface area of all the blacks commonly used in compounding rubber. These characteristics result in a material with little tendency to interact with polymers or interfere with curing systems.

Although it is not a reinforcing black, it is useful to compare N990 with the furnace blacks in various rubber compounds such as butyl, natural; Neoprene W, nitrile and SBR (see Figures 1-5). As the black particle size increases, the following effects occur:

- modulus and tensile strength decline,
- hardness decreases,
- elongation increases, and
- tear strength decreases.

The level of carbon black used in this comparison is adequate for differentiating from the furnace blacks, but is not high enough to develop the optimum properties of thermal black loading. Note that the hardness of thermal black loaded natural rubber is similar at 125 phr to the hardness of the same compound containing 75 phr of furnace black. This is a graphic demonstration of the non-reinforcing properties of thermal black.

Figure 1a
 N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Butyl Rubber – Modulus

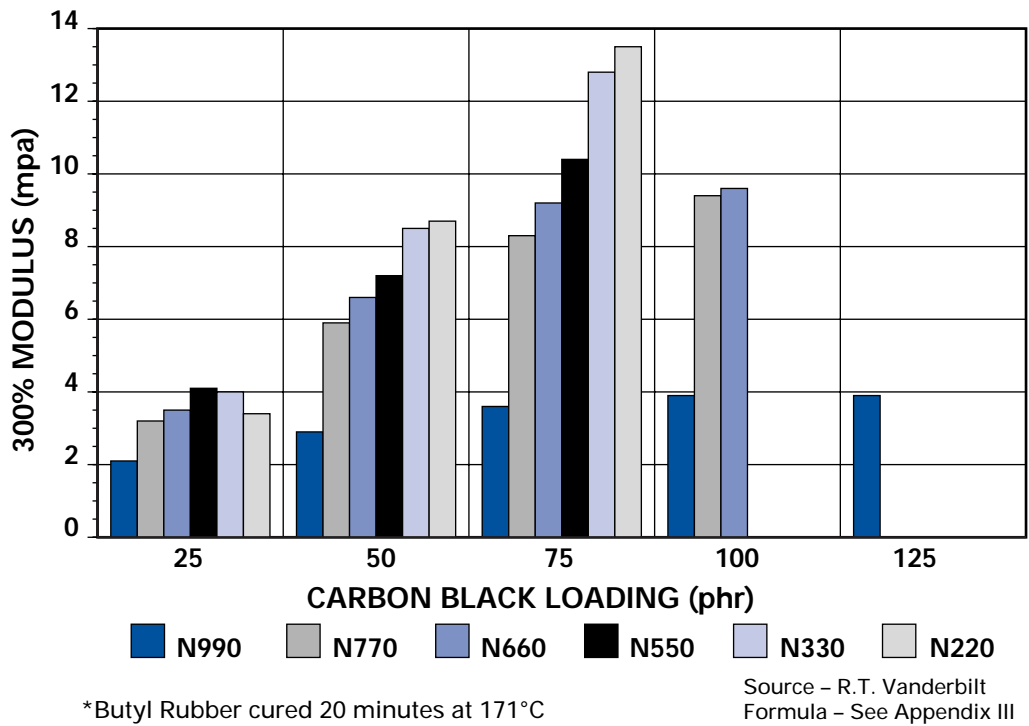


Figure 1b
 N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Butyl Rubber – tensile strength

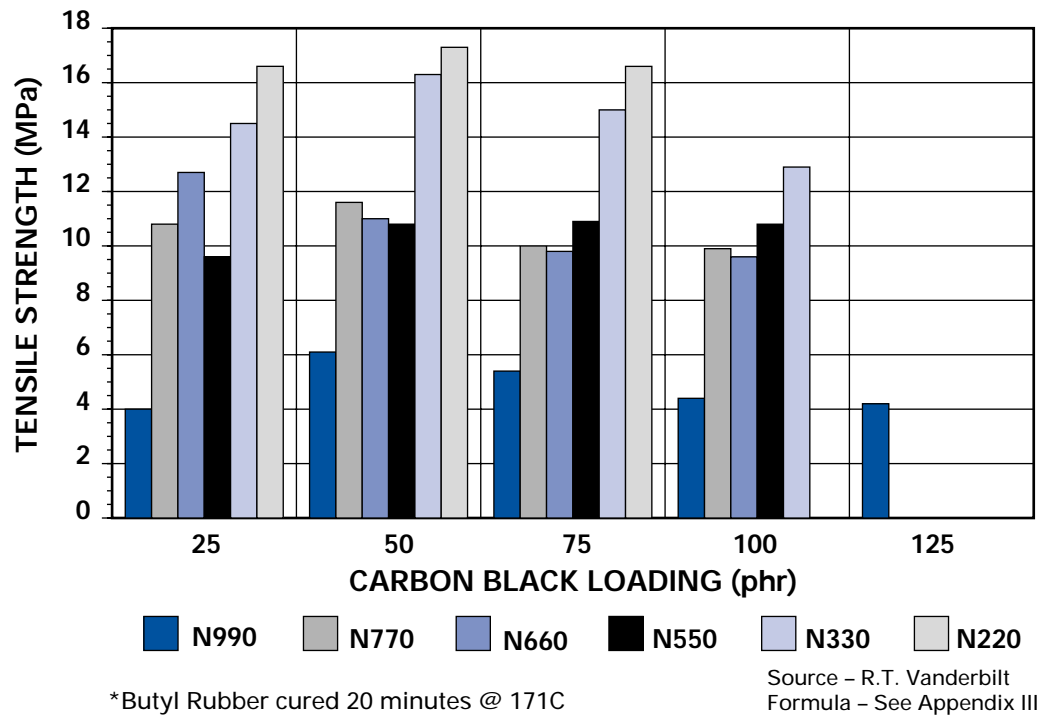
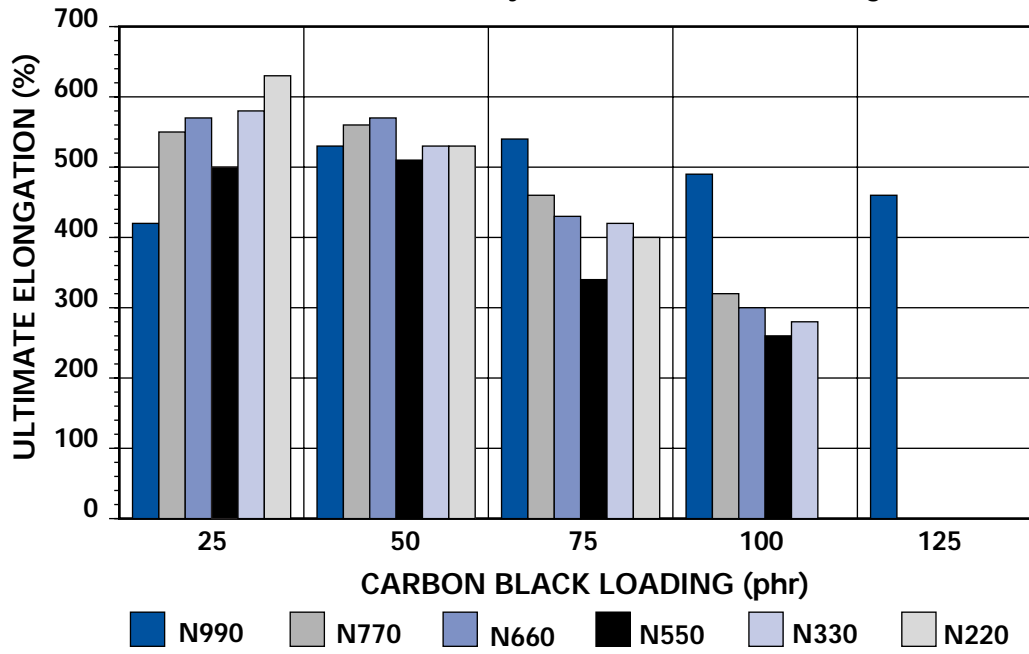


Figure 1c

N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Butyl Rubber – ultimate elongation

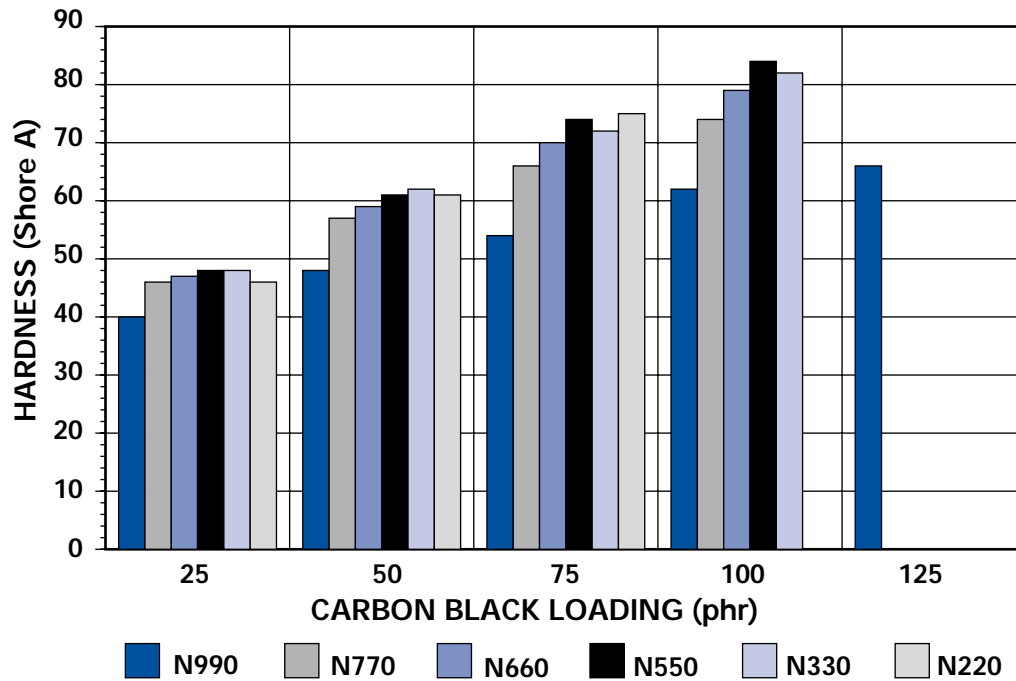


*Butyl Rubber cured 20 minutes @ 171C

Source – R.T. Vanderbilt
Formula – See Appendix III

Figure 1d

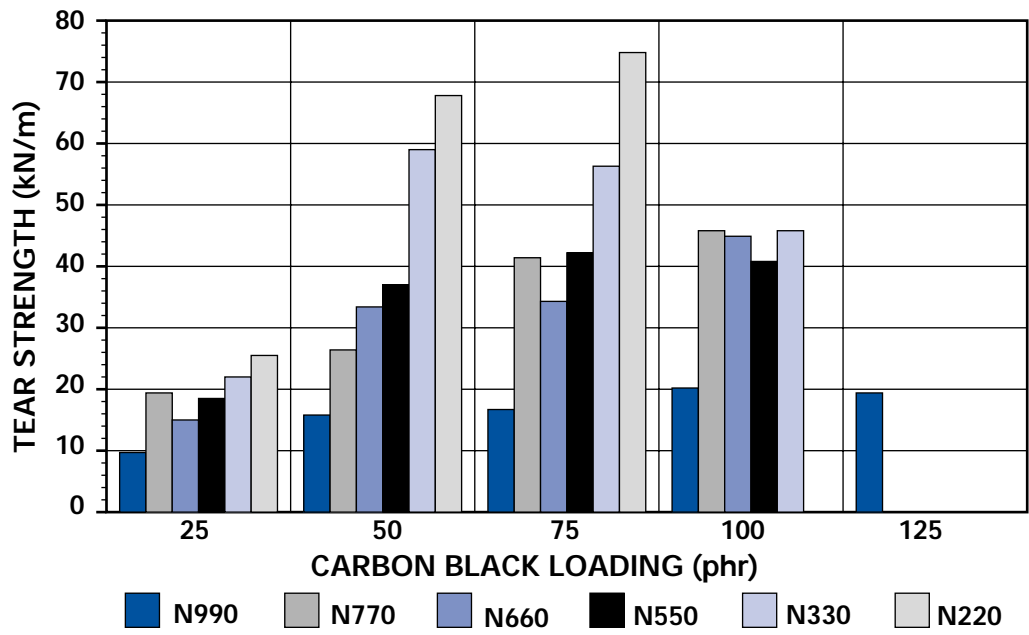
N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Butyl Rubber – hardness



*Butyl Rubber cured 20 minutes @ 171C

Source – R.T. Vanderbilt
Formula – See Appendix III

Figure 1e
 N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Butyl Rubber – tear strength



*Butyl Rubber cured 20 minutes @ 171C

Source – R.T. Vanderbilt
 Formula – See Appendix III

Figure 2a
 N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Natural Rubber – Modulus

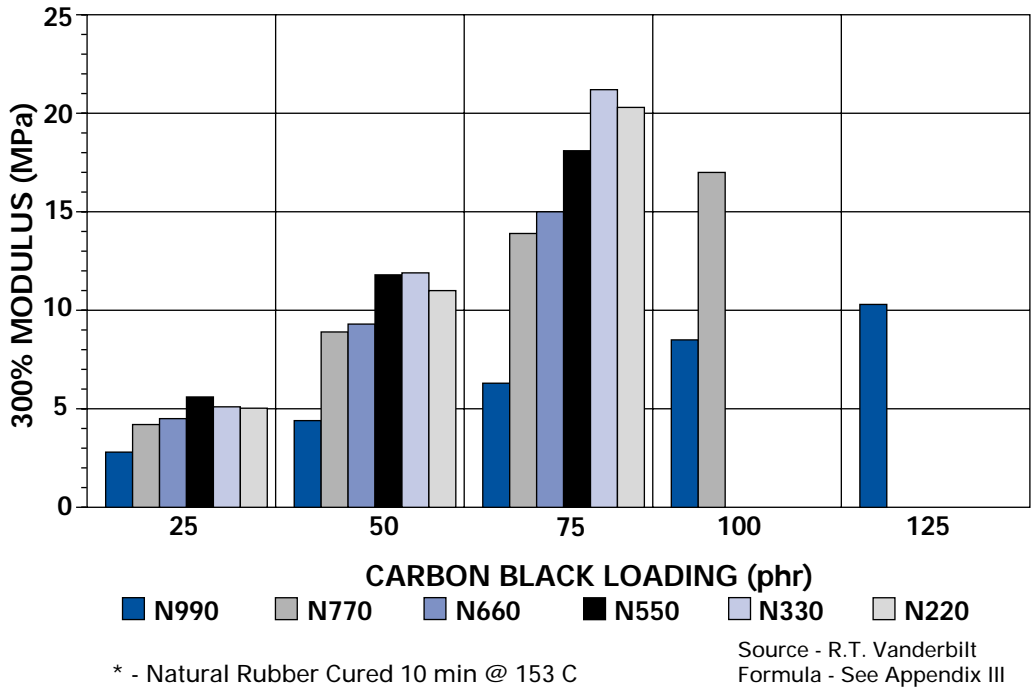


Figure 2b
 N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Natural Rubber – tensile strength

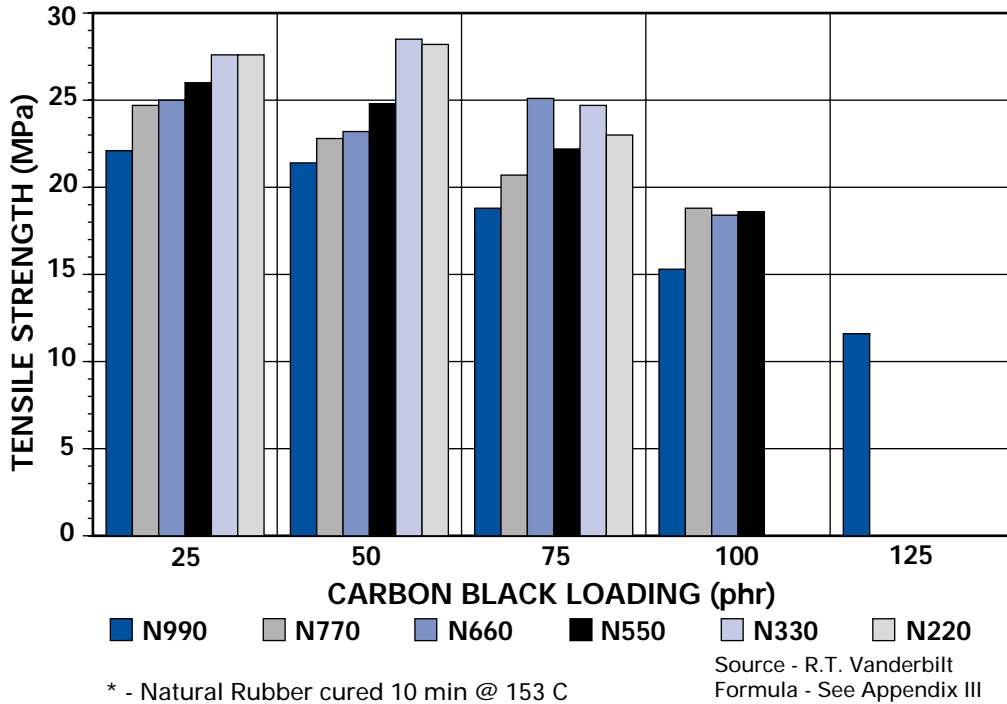


Figure 2c

N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Natural Rubber – ultimate elongation

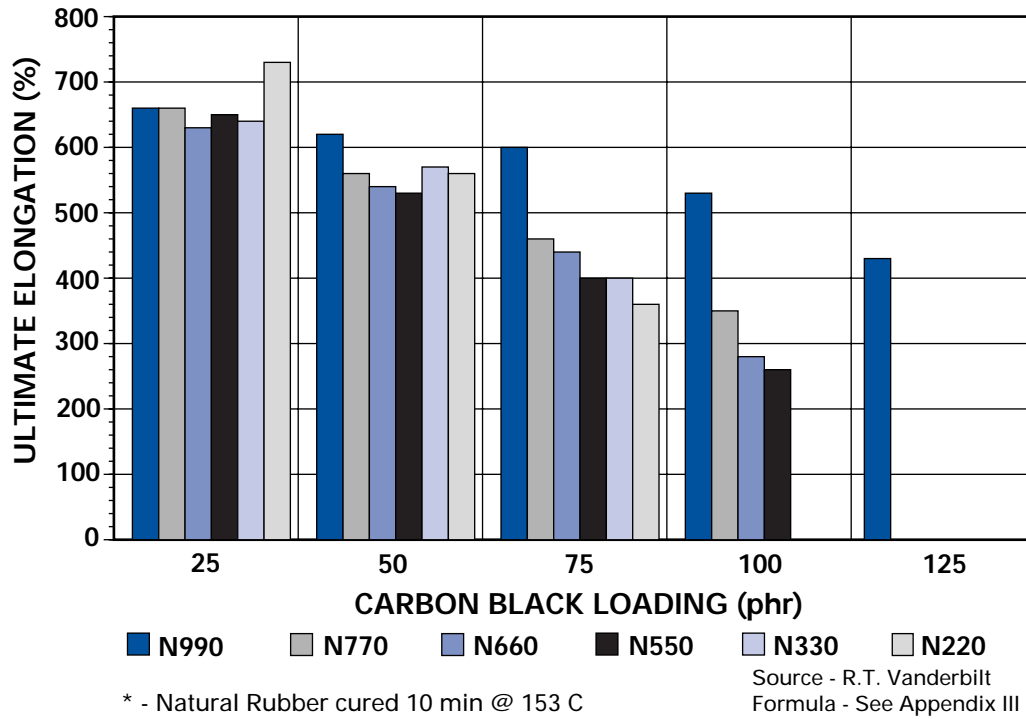


Figure 2d

N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Natural Rubber – hardness

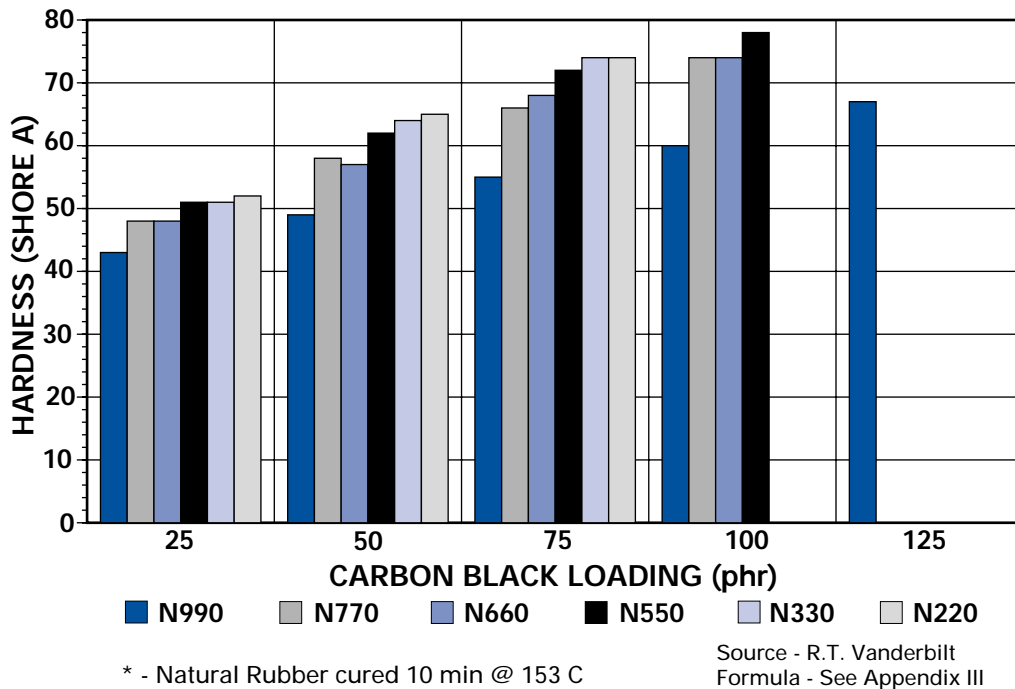


Figure 2e
 N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Natural Rubber – tear strength

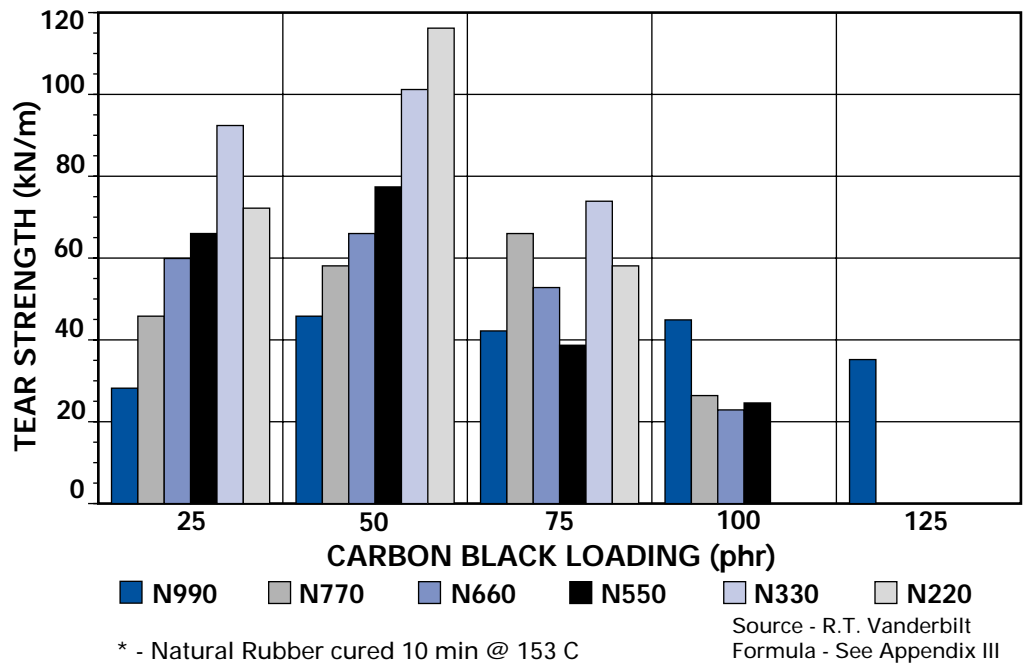


Figure 3a
 N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Chloroprene Rubber – Modulus

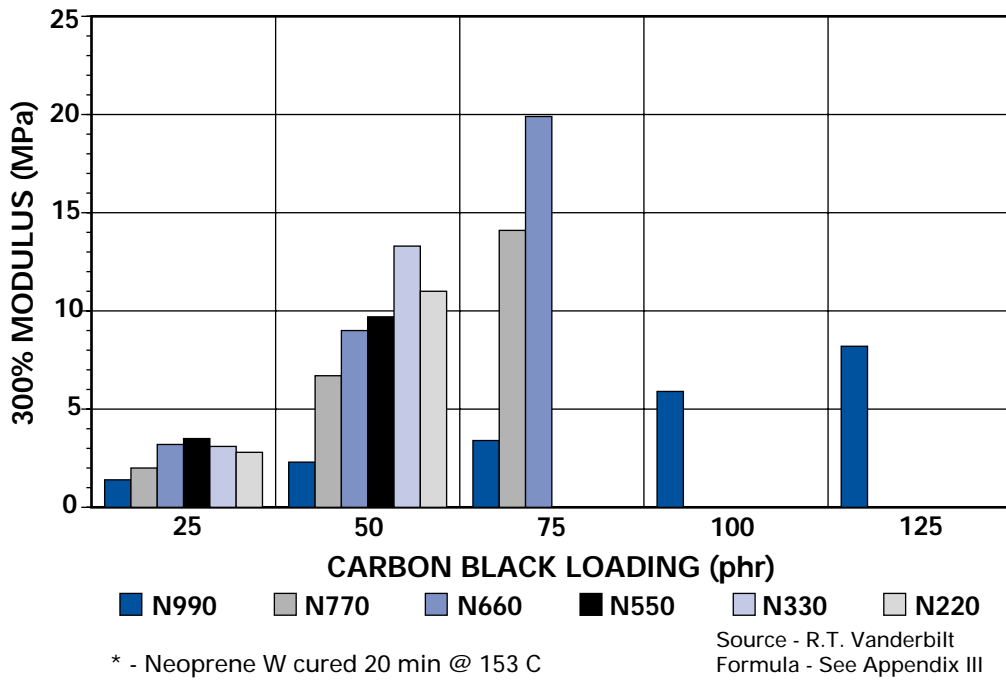


Figure 3b
 N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Chloroprene Rubber – tensile strength

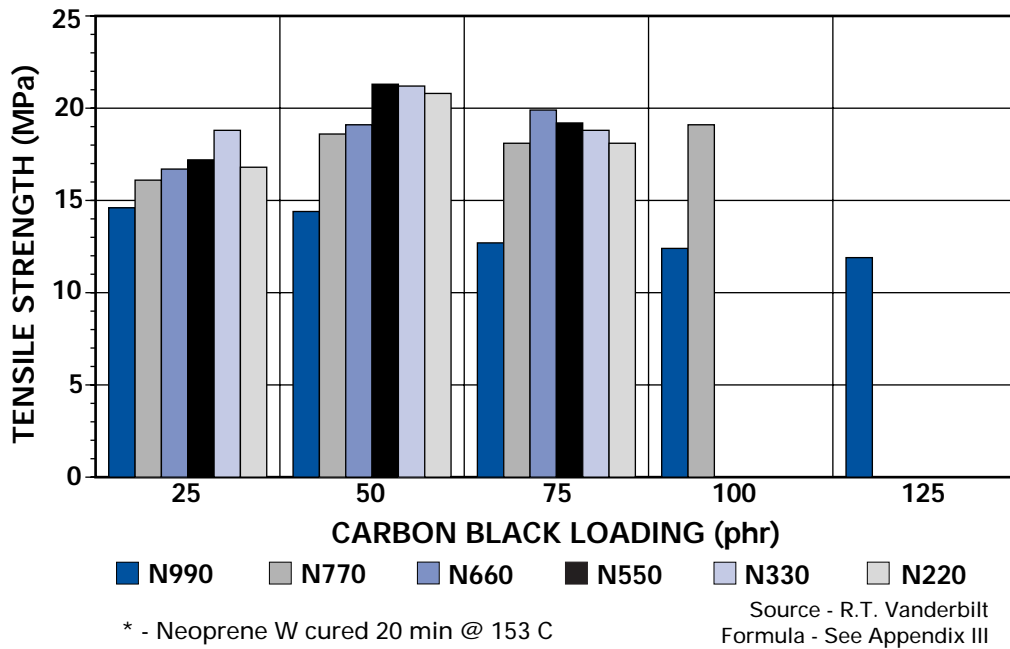


Figure 3c

N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Chloroprene Rubber – Ultimate elongation

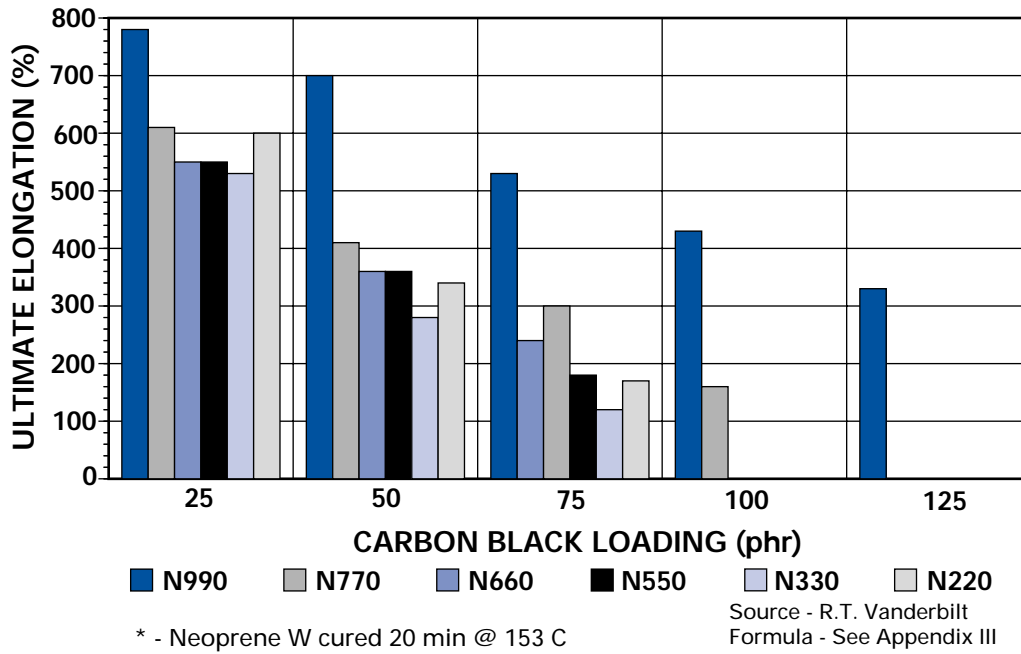


Figure 3d

N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Chloroprene Rubber – hardness

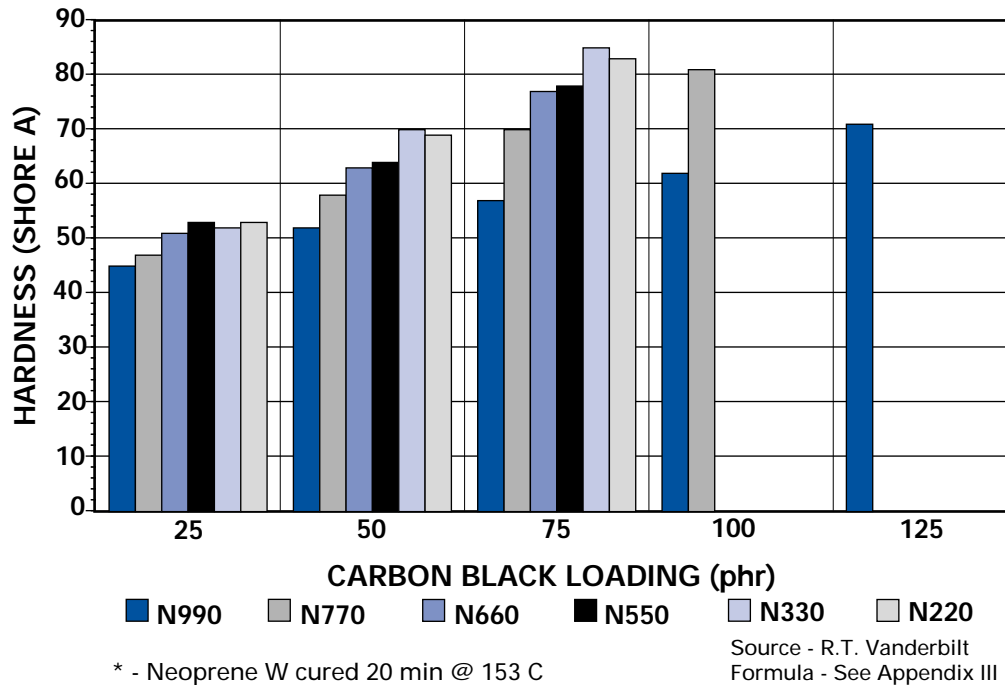
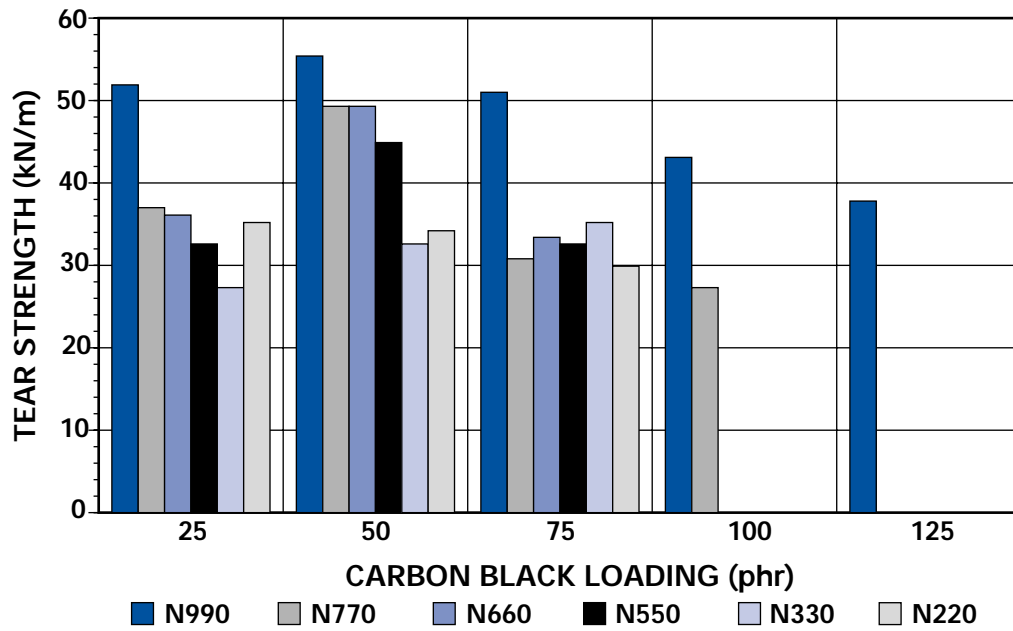


Figure 3e

N990 versus Furnace Blacks * in Chloroprene Rubber – tear strength



* - Neoprene W cured 20 min @ 153 C

Source - R.T. Vanderbilt
Formula - See Appendix III

Figure 4a
 N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Nitrile Rubber – Modulus

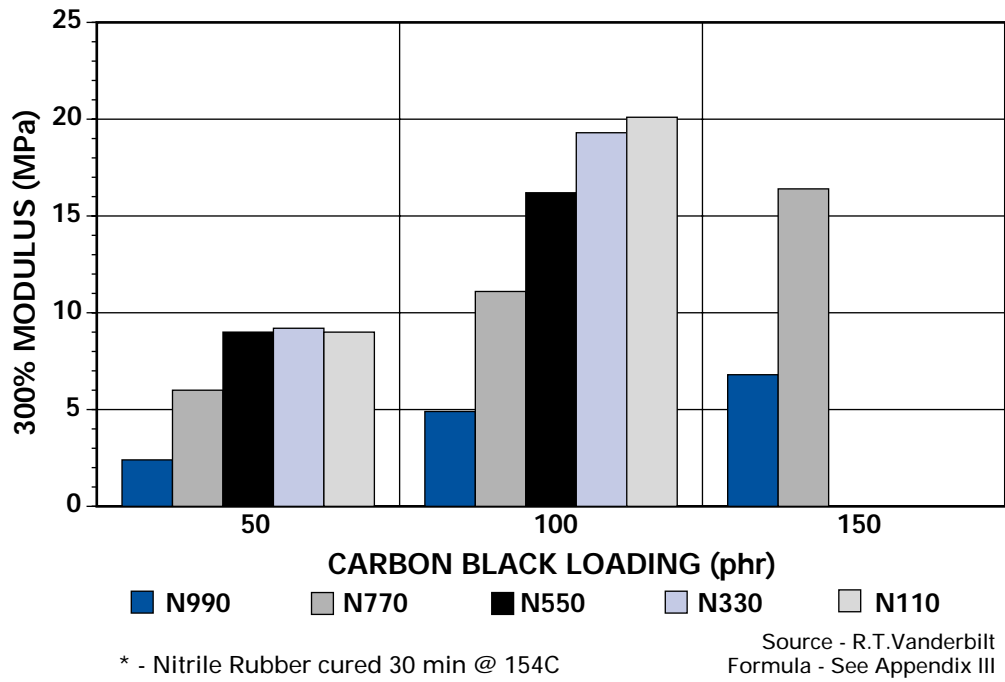


Figure 4b
 N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Nitrile Rubber – Tensile Strength

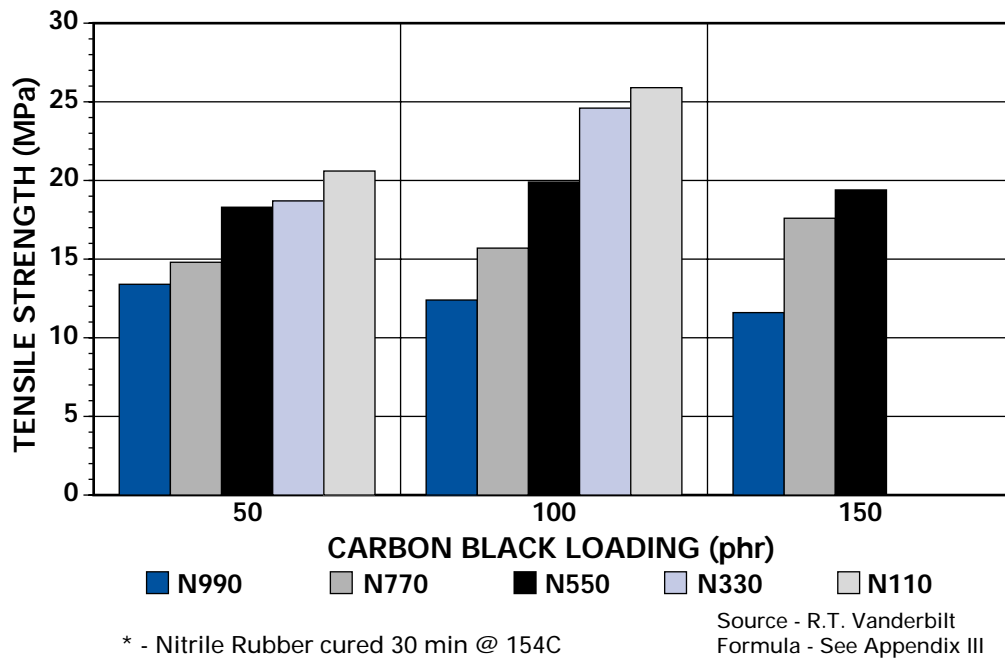


Figure 4c
 N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Nitrile Rubber – ultimate elongation

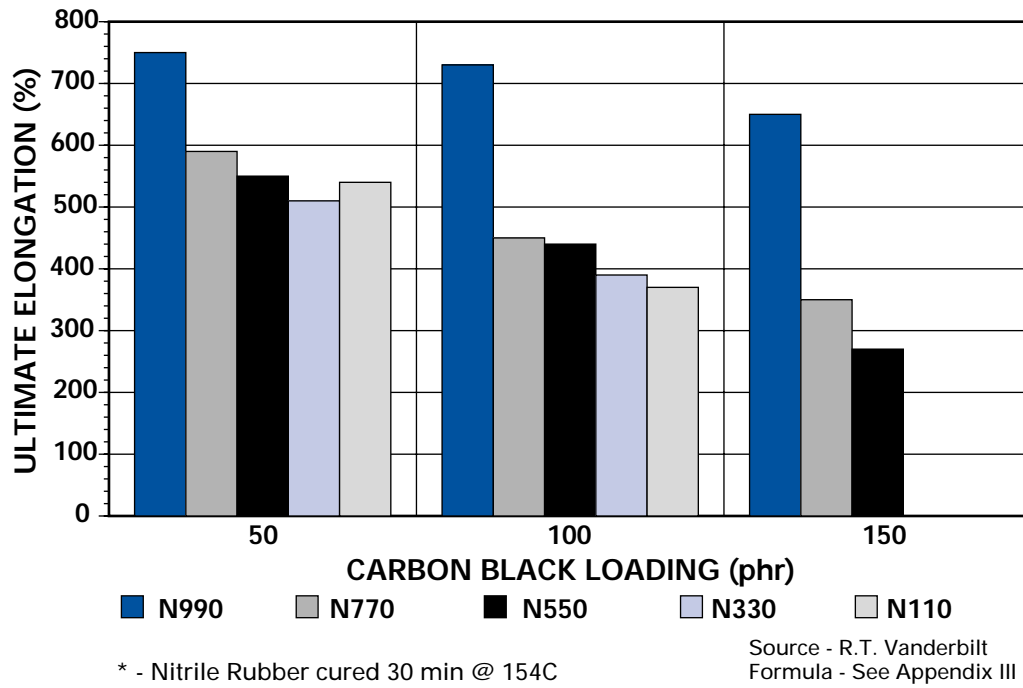


Figure 4d
 N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Nitrile Rubber – hardness

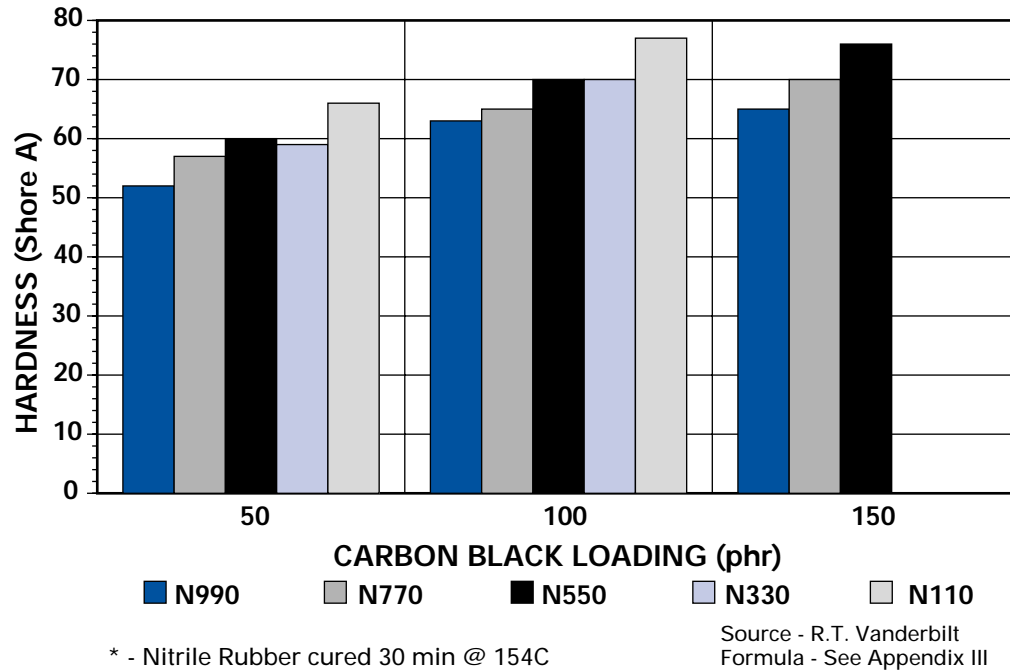
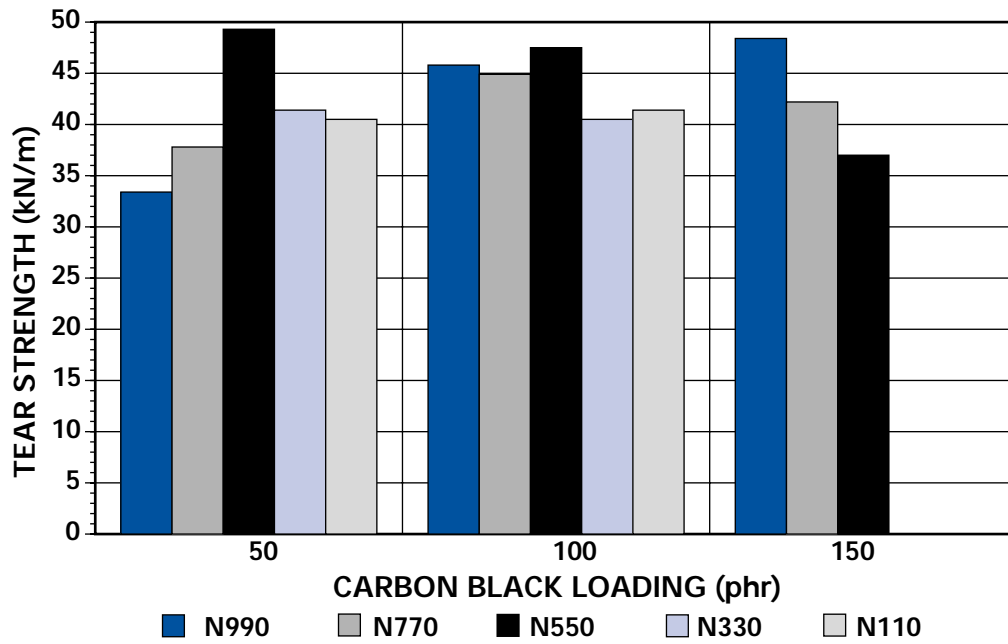


Figure 4e
N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Nitrile Rubber – tear strength



* - Nitrile Rubber cured 30 min @ 154C

Source - R.T. Vanderbilt
Formula - See Appendix III

Figure 5a
 N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Styrene Butadiene Rubber – Modulus

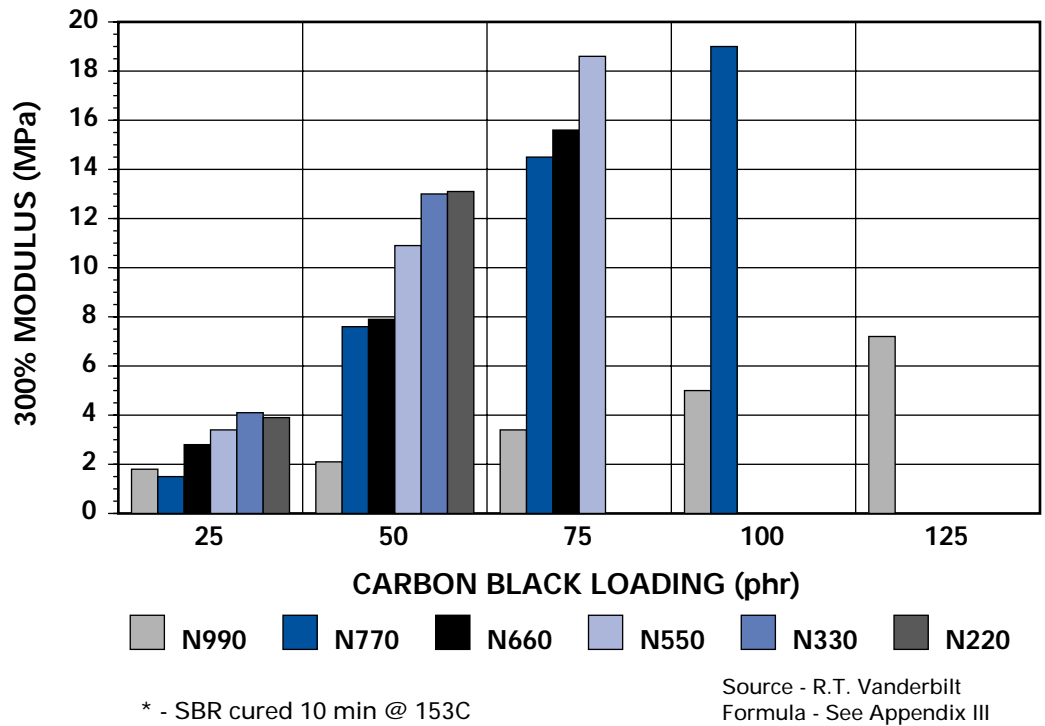


Figure 5b
 N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Styrene Butadiene Rubber – tensile strength

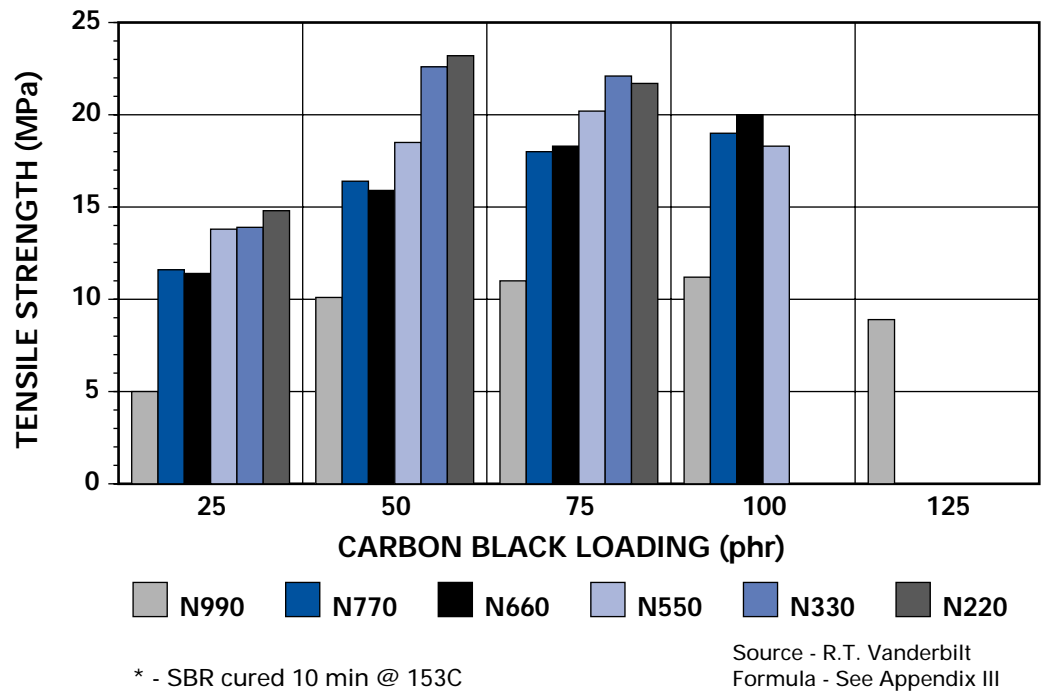
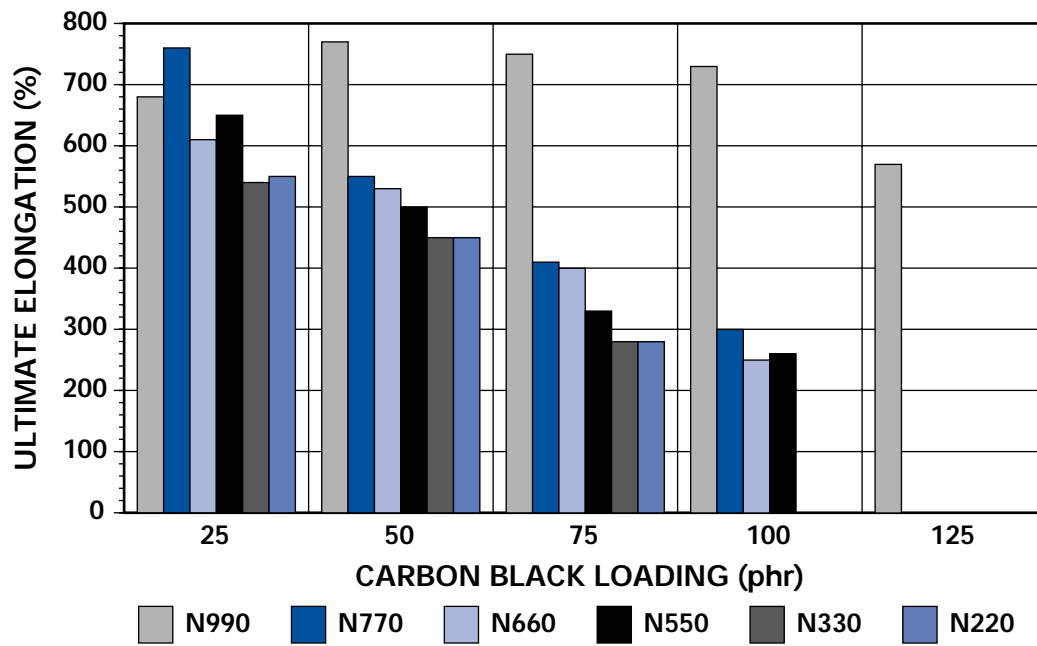


Figure 5c

N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Styrene Butadiene Rubber – ULTIMATE ELONGATION

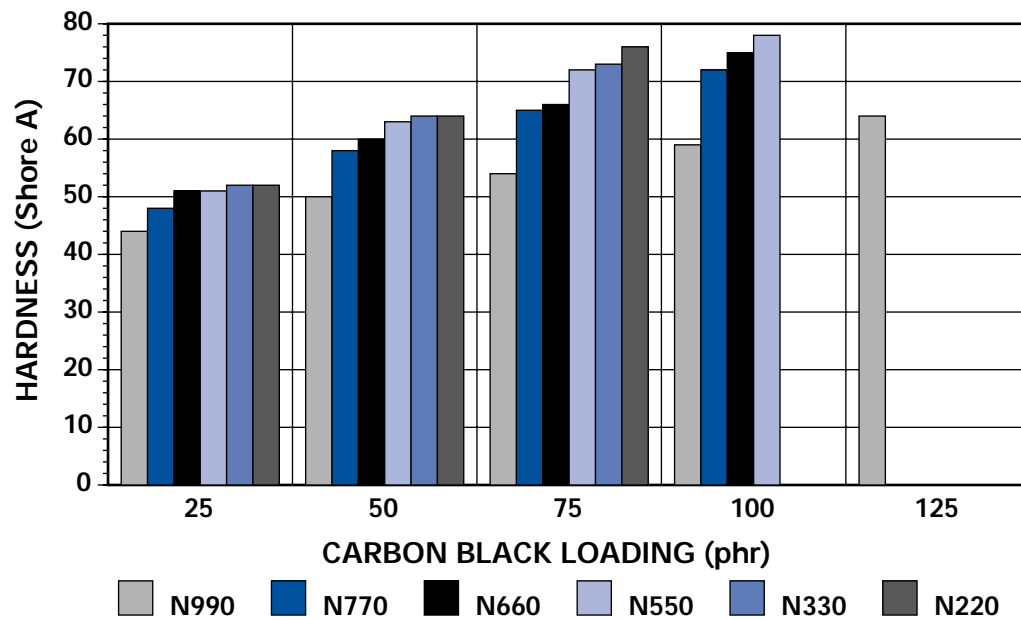


* - SBR cured 10 min @ 153C

Source - R.T. Vanderbilt
Formula - See Appendix III

Figure 5d

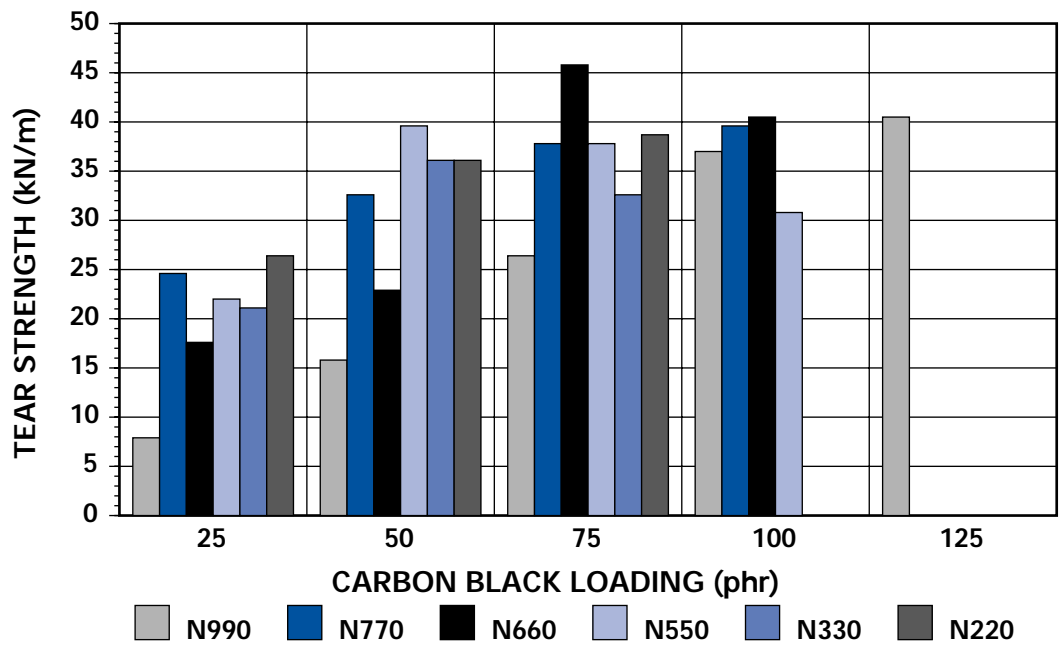
N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Styrene Butadiene Rubber – HARDNESS



* - SBR cured 10 min @ 153C

Source - R.T. Vanderbilt
Formula - See Appendix III

Figure 5e
 N990 versus Furnace Blacks* in Styrene Butadiene Rubber – TEAR STRENGTH



* - SBR cured 10 min @ 153C

Source - R.T. Vanderbilt
 Formula - See Appendix III